

CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN

VALUES

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VISION

Forest Hills School students will become successful, productive citizens fulfilling their passions in life as part of an ever-changing world.

MISSION

Forest Hills School Builds Inclusion, Capacity, and Learning Communities.

Systems' Goals Alignment Planning (2015-16 and 2016-17)

EECD AREAS OF FOCUS	DISTRICT AREAS OF FOCUS	SCHOOL AREAS OF FOCUS
Improve achievement in language, mathematical and scientific literacies Domain #3-5	To demonstrate continuous progress toward provincial targets in literacy, numeracy, and science.	Our Representative Leadership Team will systematically monitor team progress towards learnings targets and adjust the CIP (e.g., develop new processes, professional learning, etc.). Our K-8 students will continuously develop sentence structure writing skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop inferential reading skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop number strand-based mathematics skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop scientific literacy processes in: inquiry (e.g., Research Learning), decision-making and problem solving (e.g., Project-Based Learning).
Improve inclusive learning environments and instructional practices to ensure equity	To provide opportunities for staff to learn about mental health issues in children and youth and to promote school and district wide initiatives that promote mental fitness.	Our CITs (Continuous Improvement Teams) will identify possible underlying issues to achievement gaps, steps to achieve goal(s) and carry-out plans. skillfully use a balance of formative and summative assessment to inform instruction and intervention (e.g., grouping and re-grouping) and monitor student progress. learn specific high-impact instructional practices which support improved student achievement in language, mathematical and science literacies. Our school community will support the inclusion and active involvement of every student, with a focus on coaching students towards independence. Physical: Teachers will purposefully create mixed-ability groups (e.g., mentoring, reciprocal teaching), learn about mental health issues and promote mental fitness, improve student attendance (11-20 day non-attenders) (See PLWEP Goal #1) Academic: Teachers will increasingly apply in-class tier 1 and 2 academic interventions, develop, implement and monitor PLPs and develop UDL and differentiation (e.g., stretched learning) skills, students will continuously develop metacognitive skills (i.e., co-construction of assessment criteria, self-identification of learning target, use of intelligences and learning styles, self-monitoring of learning and reflection), develop goals related to newcomer students Social: Teachers will learn, apply and refine 2-3 new tier 1 Positive Behavioral Interventions Supports (See PLWEP Goal #2a), students will increasingly follow the school's code of conduct (See PLWEP Goal #2b) Cultural: Staff will create a culture of French language learning engagement (e.g., Instruction is in the target language, students will increasingly informally converse in French), art work, murals, and projects by students reflecting interest, awareness and sensitivity to cultural diversity will be displayed, First Nations-themed presentations, books, articles, websites, organizations, music, etc. will be integrated into school activities, targeted dialogue and/or training on issues related to gende
Increase opportunities for learners to develop entrepreneurial competencies and to engage in active citizenship	To provide a positive and safe learning environment for children, youth, and staff	PLWEP Goals Physical Inclusion: Goal #1: To improve attendance (11-20 day non-attenders) through building engagement/motivation, student-adult connections, eliminating social exclusion and supporting mental wellness Social Inclusion: Goal #2a): Teachers will learn, apply and refine 2-3 new tier 1 Positive Behavioral Interventions Supports through the use of targeted training, using the Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile, and profiling of applied interventions, by March 2017. Goal #2b): Students will increasingly follow the school's code of conduct. Of the 20% of students who do not currently follow the code, 75% of them will respond via direct intervention using the Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile, along with the Forest Hills Behavior Blitzes/Boot Camp presentation(s) and Olweus program.
Integrate the early childhood and k – 12 school sectors	To strengthen engagement of families and foster community partnerships	School Beautification: 2015-16: install new sign, plant marigolds 2016-17: middle school playground (e.g., painted walls, new nets, benches), new bulletin boards, painted staff room, 2017-18

2015-2016 CIP Development Process

PHASE 1: MIXED TEAMS: COLLECT AND CONSULT EVIDENCE, IDENTIFY AND SUBMIT POTENTIAL AREAS OF NEEDED FOCUS TO REP. LDSHP. (1/2 DAY)

PHASE 2: REP. LDSHP.: IDENTIFIES GLOBAL PRIORITIES (1/2 DAY PLUS AFTERSCHOOL MEETING)

PHASE 3: COMMON TEAMS: DEFINE ISSUES, IDENTIFY SMART GOALS (INCLUDING ACTIONS) AND SUBMIT TARGETED PLANS TO REP. LDSHP.

PHASE 4: REP. LDSHP.: IDENTIFICATION OF SIP SMART GOALS (INCLUDING ACTIONS) AND DRAFT 2016-2019 SIP (1/2 DAY)

PHASE 5: COMMON TEAMS: MONITOR STUDENT PROGRESS AND MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO TEACHING (9 WEEK BLOCK #1)

PHASE 6: COMMON TEAMS PRESENT GOAL PROGRESS TO REP. LDRSHP., WHO THEN CREATES SIP ACTION ADJUSTMENTS, PLANS PROFESSIONAL LEARNING AND COMMUNICATES FOCUS (AM)

PHASE 7: COMMON TEAMS: CREATE SMART GOAL ADJUSTMENTS (INCLUDING ACTIONS) AND SUBMIT TARGETED PLANS TO REP. LDSHP.

PHASE 8: COMMON TEAMS: MONITOR STUDENT PROGRESS AND MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO TEACHING (9 WEEK BLOCK #2)

PHASE 9: COMMON TEAMS: PUBLICALLY SHARE AND CELEBRATE SUCCESS

PHASE 10: REP. LDRSHP.: CREATE SIP ADJUSTMENTS AND PLAN FALL FOCUS AND PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

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FOREST HILLS SCHOOL
2016-2019 CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)
2016-2017 School-Based Improvement Processes

CIT GOAL (SOCIAL INCLUSION)

LEARNING CYCLE #1: SOCIAL INCLUSION: TEACHERS WILL LEARN, APPLY AND REFINE 2-3 NEW TIER 1 POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS SUPPORTS, STUDENTS WILL INCREASINGLY FOLLOW THE SCHOOL'S CODE OF CONDUCT

BENCHMARKING #1: OCTOBER 24-NOVEMBER 4

STRATEGIC MONITORING & PLANNING SESSION #1/PARENT TEACHER STUDENT CONFERENCES

CIT GOAL (ACADEMIC INCLUSION)

LEARNING CYCLE #2: ACADEMIC INCLUSION: XX

BENCHMARKING #2: FEBRUARY 20-MARCH 3

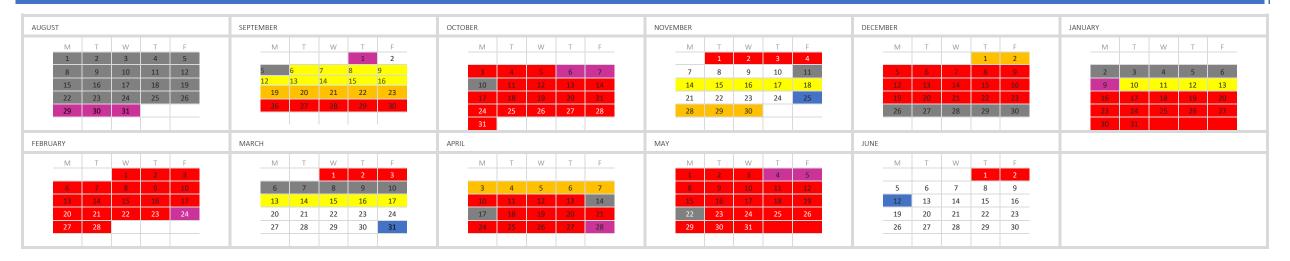
STRATEGIC MONITORING & PLANNING SESSION #2/PARENT-TEACHER STUDENT CONFERENCES

CIT GOAL AND ACTION ADJUSTMENTS (ACADEMIC INCLUSION)

LEARNING CYLCE #3: CULTURAL INCLUSION & ACADEMIC INCLUSION: XX

BENCHMARKING #3: MAY 22-JUNE 2

STRATEGIC MONITORING & PLANNING SESSION #3



PLWEP FOCUS: BEHAVIORAL BLITZES

PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

HOLIDAYS

FOREST HILLS SCHOOL 2016-2019 CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP) 2017-2018 School-Based Improvement Processes

CULTURAL INCLUSION

SOCIAL INCLUSION

ACADEMIC INCLUSION

LITERACY BENCHMARKING

MATHEMATICS BENCHMARKING

HOLIDAYS

PROFESSIONAL LEARNING (PM ONLY SEPT. 20, OCT. 25, DEC. 6, JAN. 17, APR. 25)

Other Notable Dates:

November 10/17: Literacy Benchmark and Middle Level and Elementary Specialist Teacher Marks Due

March 2/18: Science Fair

March 19/18: Literacy Benchmark and Middle Level and Elementary Specialist Teacher Marks Due

April 23/18: Heritage Fair

AU	GUST						SEP	TEMBE	ER					ОСТ	OBER						NOVEMBER							DECEMBER							JANUARY						
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Academic Goals Menu

Mathematics

Basic Concepts: Numeration, Algebra, Geometry, Measurement, Data Analysis and Probability

Operations: Mental Computation and Estimation, Addition and Subtraction, Multiplication and Division

Applications: Foundations of Problem Solving, Applied Problem Solving

Language Arts

Writing

Content/Ideas: Overall Topic, Degree of Focus, Related Details

Organization: Text Form, Purpose, Structure, Paragraphs, Conclusion

Word Choice: Vocabulary, Language

Voice: Author's Style, Experience, Personality

Sentence Structure: Variety, Complexity

Conventions: Punctuation, Capitalization, Spelling, Standard Grammatical Structures

Reading

Strategies and Behaviors: Monitoring Meaning, Word Solving, Automaticity of Word Recognition, Fluency, Predictions,

Use of Text Features

Comprehension Tasks: Literal, Inferential/Interpretive, Personal/Critical/Evaluative

Science

Three Processes of Science Literacy: Inquiry, Problem Solving, Decision Making

Four General Curriculum Outcomes: STSE, Skills, Knowledge, and Attitudes (e.g., Appreciation of science, Interest in science, scientific inquiry, collaboration, stewardship, safety)

Global Priorities for CITs to Target (2017-18)

Our Rep	presentative Leadership Team will systematically monitor team progress towards learnings targets and adjust the CIP (e.g., develop new processes, professional learning, etc.).
Our CITs	s (Continuous Improvement Teams) will identify possible underlying issues to achievement gaps, steps to achieve goal(s) and carry-out plans. skillfully use a balance of formative and summative assessment to inform instruction and intervention (e.g., grouping and re-grouping) and monitor student progress. learn specific high-impact instructional practices which support improved student achievement in language, mathematical and science literacies.
Our sch	ool community will support the inclusion and active involvement of every student, with a focus on coaching students towards independence.
	Physical: Teachers will purposefully create mixed-ability groups (e.g., mentoring, reciprocal teaching), learn about mental health issues and promote mental fitness, improve attendance (11 20 15 40 day non-attenders) through building engagement/motivation (e.g., Forest Bills, Personal Projects), student-adult connections, eliminating social exclusion and supporting mental wellness (PLWEP Goal #1)
	Social & Emotional: Teachers will learn, apply and refine 2-3 new tier 1 Positive Behavioral Interventions Supports through the use of targeted training, using the Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile, and profiling of applied interventions, by March 2017 (PLWEP Goal #2a). Students will increasingly follow the school's code of conduct, majority of struggling students will respond via direct intervention using the Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile, along with the Forest Hills Behavior Blitzes/Boot Camp presentation(s), and Olweus program (PLWEP Goal #2b). All students will develop leadership skills (e.g., societal norms (i.e., greeting), XX, XX), Mind Up, Self-Regulation Zones in Classroom
	Cultural: Staff will create a culture of French language learning engagement (e.g., Instruction is in the target language, students will increasingly informally converse in French), art work, murals, and projects by students reflecting interest, awareness and sensitivity to cultural diversity will be displayed, First Nations- and Inuit-themed presentations, books, articles, websites, organizations, music, etc. will be integrated into school activities, targeted dialogue and/or training on issues related to gender identity, sexual orientation, sexual stereotyping, etc., gender-neutral language will be consistently used, sexual minority, gender independent and their allies participate in the Gay-Straight Alliance, develop goals related to newcomer families (e.g., signage, student/parent/guardian handbook, mentor-mentee program).

metacognitive skills (i.e.,	ncreasingly apply in-class tier 1 and 2 academic interventions, develop, implement and monitor PLPs and develop UDL and differentiation (e.g., stretche co-construction of assessment criteria, self-identification of learning target, use of intelligences and learning styles, self-monitoring of learning and reflective (e.g., Presentation Write Trait, proper clothing for Physical Education class), Conventions Write Trait, Personal/Critical Comprehension Task, K-2: Accumulation	tion), Speaking and Listening: vocabulary development and
Our K-8 students will continuously develop <u>sentence</u> <u>structure</u> , <u>conventions</u> writing <u>skills</u> .	K: letter formation, writing on the line. provide word beginning and ending spelling approximations 1 (English & FI)-2: begin sentences in different ways (move beyone First, Then, Next, Finally), use different sentence lengths (2-3 longer senetences in recount), FI: XX, XX 3-4 (English & FI): use a variety of sentence types (i.e., simple, compound and complex), XX, FI: XX, XX 5 (English, FI, IF): use a variety of kinds of sentences (i.e., declarative, interrogative, exclamatory, imperative), XX, FI: XX, XX, IF: XX, XX 6-8 (English, FI, PIF): create different sentence structures (i.e., sequential 6FI, cause and effect 7 FI, problem-solution, compare and contrast 8 FI), secondary focus: Presentation Write Trait (e.g., margins), PIF: order of words	
Our K-8 students will continuously develop inferential reading skills, accuracy and fluency skills.	K-2 (English & 1 FI): make simple inferences about a main character (his/her actions or feelings) and story events, giving general information in their rationale (gr. K-1), XX, providing some general supporting details (gr. 2), XX 3-4 (English & FI): interpret clear relationships among ideas (gr. 3)/several ideas (gr. 4-5) to draw conclusions (e.g., cause/effect, sequence) or make comparisons, using some supporting textual details, 3 FI: infer the meaning of new vocabulary using context clues, XX, 4 FI: XX, XX 5 (English, FI, IF): XX, XX, FI: XX, XX, IF: XX, XX 6-8 (English, FI, PIF): 6: interpret and create text features (e.g., headings, subheadings, captions, font diagrams, maps, keys/legends, cutaways, graphs, glossaries, charts, feature boxes, sidebars) and explain how they help the reader understand the text, speak/listen, read/view and write/represent an increasing amount of non-fiction text, XX interpret figurative language (i.e., 6: similes, 7/8: personification), XX, PIF: Accuracy	
Our K-8 students will continuously develop oral language skills.		
Our K-8 students will continuously develop <u>number</u> <u>strand-based mathematics</u> <u>skills</u>	K: say the number sequence by 1s starting anywhere from 1 to 10 and from 10 to 1 (N1), recognize, at a glance, and name familiar arrangements of 1 to 5 objects or dots (N2) 1 (English & FI): make equal groups with and without singles (e.g., numbers, place value), demonstrate concretly and pictorially how a given number can be represented by a variety of equal groups with and without singles (grade 1)/the meaning of place value for numerals to 100 (grade 2) (N7), demonstrate an understanding of addition of numbers with answers to 20 and their corresponding subtraction facts, concretely, pictorially and symbolically (N9), describe and use mental mathematics strategies (N10) 2: demonstrate an understanding of addition (limited to 1 and 2-digit numerals) with answers to 100 and the corresponding subtraction (N9), demonstrate an understanding of increasing patterns (PR2) 3-4 (Engilsh & FI): N3, N8, and N9 (subtraction with regrouping and estimating differences), demonstrate understanding of subtraction of two numbers (e.g., 2 6 does not equal 4), subtract 2 digit numbers with and without regrouping, estimate quantities less than 1000 5 (Engish, FI, IF): long division, N11: subtraction of decimals up to 1000, subtract 4-digit numbers with and without regrouping 6-8 (English, FI): relate decimals to fractions (and vice versa), improper fractions to mixed numbers (e.g., 9/4 → 2 ¾), fraction operations, explain and apply the order of operations, 2-3 digit multiplication	

10 Year Education Plan Alignment

Objective 1: Ensure all learners value diversity and have a strong sense of belonging

Objective 2: Ensure all pre-school children develop the competencies they need to be successful in school and in life

Objective 3: Improve literacy skills for all learners
Objective 4: Improve numeracy skills for all learners

Objective 5: Improve learning in, and application of, the arts, science, trades and technology for all learners

Objective 6: Meet the needs of First Nation learners and ensure that provincial curriculum is reflective of First Nation history and culture

Objective 7: Ensure all learners develop the knowledge, skills and behaviors needed to continually adapt to, and thrive in, their environment

Objective 8: Improve levels of French language literacy to help all learners access a variety of bilingual opportunities and life experiences

Objective 9: Foster leadership, active citizenship and an entrepreneurial mindset

Sustained School-Based Focus:

2015-16:

2016-17:

2017-18:

2018-19:

Summary of Adult Learning

- Teachers and ESTs working together to pre-assess, provide flexible group intervention and monitor student progress is a PARAMOUNT strategy
- Student metacognition is key, the ability to demonstrate application of learned skill over time AND in a variety of contexts represents true mastery of content
- Although sentence starters are a useful scaffold, students need to learn how to creatively and independently write
- Developing student background knowledge is a critical support for inferential understanding
- XX

Our POI is a unique, living document, focused on meeting the needs of the students we serve.

- Interventions proven to be ineffective over time, based on data, are removed.
- Our teams continually learn about and apply new interventions, and monitor their effectiveness. High-impact, school-based interventions are added to the pyramid.
 - We monitor the movement of our students in and between the tiers on a regular basis. Our students do not remain in a tier without on-going assessment.
- Our students may receive a combination of intervention supports (i.e., tier 1 and 2) at any given point in time. We don't label our students as "Tier 2 Students" but instead say, "Student XX receives tier 2 interventions."
- Through frequent intervention and assessment, our primary goal is to support students through core instruction (tier 1 interventions).

One-on-One Student Support

Child & Youth Team

Mental Health

Social Work

Psychology

FOREST HILLS SCHOOL CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)

Academic Pyramid of Interventions

ESS Request for Services

Interventions: Increasing Intensity & Duration

Strategy Groups: EST-R, L, N and teacherprovided

Direct Support: Pysch., S/L P, OT, PT

CORE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: PERSONALIZED LEARNING

Differentiation: Content, Process, and Product

Universal Design for Learning

Inquiry-Based Design (Project/Problem-Based Learning)

Self-Directed Learning & Self-Assessment

Universal Accommodations

Justified Accommodations

Consultation: Pysch., S/LP, OT, PT, EST-R, L, N, G, A, R & D

Whole-Class & Strategy Groups: EST-R, L, N and teacher-provided

Assistive Technology

PLWEP Goals

Physical Inclusion: Attendance

Goal #1: To improve attendance (11-20 day non-attenders 15-40 day non-attenders) through building engagement/motivation, student-adult connections, eliminating social exclusion and supporting mental wellness.

PLOP:

September 8/15-May 20/16 absentee data indicated that 141 of 685 students were absent between 11-20 days. Efforts will target this particularly cohort of students.

2015-16 Secondary TTFM data analysis indicated that the reasons for why some students felt excluded were not fully understood. When asked why students feel excluded, 27% reported "appearance", 24% reported "high or low grades", and 35% reported "other reasons". May 2016 in-house survey results indicated:

	A	В	C	D
1	Results for Exclusion Survey May 2016 - FHS			
2		Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
3	Race/culture		2	2
4	Gender Identity	1	1	1
5	Disability	2	4	
6	Religion		1	1
7	Sexual Orientation		3	3
8	Appearance (hair/ clothing style/body image)	6	9	11
9	High or low grades	6	2	3
10	Income level		2	
11	Behavior choices (positive or negative)	4	5	6
12	Choice of friends	21	9	9
13	Other: if other please be specific	2	4	3
		not cool	not cool enough	
14		enough	ingular Snip	sexism
			lack of skills	
			(sports)	1
15				anxiety
16			unsure (2)	awkward
17				
18	228 respondents			

TTFM also indicated that 30% of students did not feel connected to at least one adult at school. A second in-house survey indicated that 48 (17%) of our middle level students did not have an adult connection. Results were analysed and intentional planning conversations occurred at a level meeting.

Actions:

- Breakfast Program: ALL students will have access toast, milk and either a piece of fruit/yogurt tube/cheese string
- Identify students who missed XX days and reasons for absence
- Brainstorm structures to support daily student-adult connections
- Social Spaces: Create 3-5 (XX) and 6-8 (former cafeteria) lunch time social spaces, including: ping pong tables, sofas, board games. Students will access passes.
- Bracelets and Monthly Awards: Develop a tracking system with an evaluation key, which profiles students who consistently arrive on time and maintain perfect or near-perfect attendance. During Celebrate Assemblies, students who meet established criteria will receive a monthly-assigned colored bracelet which contains one letter of the word ATTENDANCE (e.g., September's bracelet is red with the letter "A")

Monitoring:

• Teachers/teams will profile attendance data using PowerSchool

ESS will monitor student attendance once/month

Social Inclusion: Student Behavior

Goal #2a): Teachers will identify, apply and refine 2-3 new tier 1 Positive Behavioral Interventions Supports through the use of targeted training, using the Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile, and profiling of applied interventions, by March 2019.

Actions:

- Every teacher will contact each parent/guardian within the first 2 weeks of school to establish connection
- Create an Use Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile
- Monitor teacher use of Student Behavior and Response
- A PBIS Class Profile Binder* will be issued to each homeroom teacher, and grade level teams will determine for themselves the most effective method to share records.

*The PBIS Class Profile Binder will contain an intervention record for each class member. It will also contain a snapshot of PLP information for appropriate students.

Monitoring:

- Grade level teams will determine most effective methods to share Tier 1 Intervention Profiles and co-develop strategies
- Admin. Walkthroughs

Goal #2b): Students will increasingly follow the school's code of conduct, Of the 20% of students who do not currently follow the code, 75% of them-will respond via direct intervention using the Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile, along with the Forest Hills Behavior Blitzes/Boot Camp presentation(s), and Olweus program.

Actions:

- Revise Forest Bills Award/Incentive Policy, with minimal financial impact on school (e.g., 1 hour on iPad)
- Behavior Blitz:
 - o Fall: with Boot Camp Presentation, lessons focused on modeling/reinforcing expectations
 - Thanksgiving
 - Christmas
 - March Break
- Student Behavior Matrix Posted in ALL learning environments
- Student referrals to Contemplation Rooms (grades K-5: Room 34 and grades 6-8: Room 5) and completion of consequence "assignment" packages

Monitoring

- Consider using Forest Bills money tabulation to measure student progress
- Grade level teams will monitor tier 1 behavior infractions, using Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile
- ESS will monitor Student Behavior and Response data once/month

Behavior Matrix

	BE RESPECTFUL	BE RESPONSIBLE	BE SAFE
	-Treat other people's belongings with care	-Put belongings in appropriate area (classroom, hook, locker)	-Arrive at no earlier than 8:15 when supervision begins.
	-Follow directions of the teachers/staff on duty and in hallways	-Promptly enter the building upon hearing the bell and report to homeroom in a	-Walkers should leave school ground at dismissal time and go straight home and bus
ARRIVAL/	-Wait for your turn to enter or exit school	timely fashion	students to their designated area
DISMISSAL	-Assist those who are in need.	-Leave all electronic devices at home or turned off in locker	-Use side walks, crosswalks and follow school bus rules.
		-Be ready to learn	-Enter/exit in an orderly manner (no running, hands off others)
		-Sign in at office if you are arriving late.	-Keep hands, feet and hurtful comments to self
	-Wait until you are dismissed by your teacher	-Middle School students sign out and take hall pass before leaving classroom	-Keep hands to self
	-Wait in a straight line against the wall until you are invited into the classroom	-Pick up any litter you see	-Walk in a straight line facing forward
HALLWAY/	-Quiet in the hallways	-Report any incidents of hallway bullying to your teacher	-Obey student traffic laws
TRANSITION TIME			-Stay to the right
	-Indoor voice	-Wash hands	- Keep water in sink and toilet
	-Always friendly to fellow Falcons	-Keep washroom clean	- Keep feet on the floor
BATHROOM/		-Always have your hall pass	- Use facilities appropriately
CHANGING ROOM		-Report anything out of place	-Report unsafe behaviour and conditions
		-Use proper amount of Paper towel	-One child per stall
		-Place trash in garbage can	-Go right back to class
	-Keep facility clean	-Be cooperative	-Keep hands and feet to yourself
CAFETERIA/	-Follow adult directions	-Respect space and equipment	-Use games or equipment as intended
GAMES ROOM	-Use quiet voices	-School property stays in place	-Place chairs on tables when finished
	-Share		
	-Use quiet voices	-Leave your workstation neat and tidy	-Put chairs under your workstation when you are finished
COMPUTER LAB	-Wait quietly until you are invited in to the lab		-Beware of suspicious websites
	-Do not eat or drink in the lab		-Use equipment as intended
	-Use appropriate tone of voice	-Return books on time	-Sit properly
	-Treat books and equipment with care	-Follow sign out procedure	-Place chairs on tables when finished
LIBRARIES	-Be aware of those working around you and respect personal space	-Use equipment for its intended purpose	-Move in an orderly manner
		-Leave area clean	
		-Know your purpose and have the required materials	
	-Be a good listener	-Follow directions.	-Walk at all times.
	-Sit flat so others can see	-Use polite applause.	-Keep hands and feet
	-Listen quietly to the presenter	- Sit quietly	to yourself.
ASSEMBLIES/	-Clap at conclusion	- Follow directions from adult	-Stay seated during presentation
PRESENTATIONS	-Show appreciation in an	in charge	-Keep a center aisle open.
	appropriate manner	-Line up quietly	-Remain seated in a row until dismissed by your teacher
	- Use manners	- Enter/exit quietly	-Ascend and descend bleachers
			carefully and calmly
	-Share equipment	-Follow equipment rules	-Know your limits
PLAYGROUND	-Apologize for accidents	-Take turns	-Understand the dangers
PLAYGROUND	- Follow the commands of teachers and TAs	-Line up calmly when recess ends	-Be patient while waiting to use equipment
			-Keep your hands to yourself
MUSIC/ART	-Respect equipment (use not abuse)	-Be responsible for each other	-Keep hands, feet and equipment to yourself
ROOM/TECH/GYM		-work in groups or by yourself as requested.	
0.55.55	- Enter quietly	- Use phone pass for appropriate reasons	- Walk to and from the office
OFFICE	- Wait patiently		

Our POI is a unique, living document, focused on meeting the needs of the students we serve.

- Interventions proven to be ineffective over time, based on data, are removed.
- Our teams continually learn about and apply new interventions, and monitor their effectiveness. High-impact, school-based interventions are added to the pyramid.
 - We monitor the movement of our students in and between the tiers on a regular basis. Our students do not remain in a tier without on-going assessment.
- point in time. We don't label our students as "Tier 2 Students" but instead say, "Student XX receives Our students may receive a combination of intervention supports (i.e., tier 1 and 2) at any given tier 2 interventions."
 - Through frequent intervention and assessment, our primary goal is to support students through core instruction (tier 1 interventions).

FOREST HILLS SCHOOL CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)

Behavior Pyramid of Interventions

Personalized Planning: FBA, IBSP, PDP

EST-A

One-on-One Student Support

Mental Health

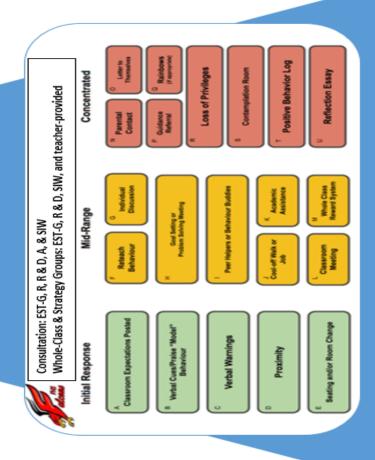
Social Work

Psychology

DESS Team

Child & Youth Team





FOREST HILLS CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)

Student Behavior Reporting & Response



STUDENT BEHAVIOR REPORTING & RESPONSE

Student Name:	Date:	Referring Teacher:
LEVEI Behavion		Description of behavior:
Primarily impac		
Do not require adminis	strator involvement	
Do not significantly interfere with Do not appea		
Behaviors may include:	Actions may include:	1
Not prepared	Timeout in room	11
Not following directions	Note home	
Off task	Moving seat	Actions Taken:
Not doing class work	Loss of privileges	Actions Taken.
Damaging materials	Restitution	
Sleeping	Doesn't earn school-wide reward	
Not in designated area	Problem solving discussion	
Swearing	Re-teach/practice expectation	
Leaving class without permission		
	•	
LEVE		Check all that apply:
Behavion		☐ Met with student
Interfere with the educa Put others at ri		□ 5-minute cool-down
May require administ	rator involvement	☐ Modeled and reinforced positive behaviors
Are Chronic Lev	el 1 behaviors	☐ Met with EST-Guidance
Behaviors may include:	Actions may include:	☐ Met with administration
Disrespect to adults or peers (talking	Home contacted	☐ Home Contact
back, gestures, etc.)	Problem solving worksheet	☐ Active Behavior Log
Leaving assigned area without	Send discipline note home	□ IBSP
permission	Lunch detention	
Inappropriate language/noises	Loss of privileges	
Throwing things	Time out in another teacher's room	
Cheating	Restitution	
Lying	Re-teach/practice expectation	Administration Actions:
Vandalism/Destruction/Minor theft	Team meeting with student	
Not keeping hands, feet, and other	Referral to ESS	
objects to yourself	IBSP	
		J
LEVE	1 2	
Behavion		
Violate Policy 703 (Sec		Check all that apply:
Are Chronic Leve Require administrat		☐ Met with student
Behaviors may include:	Actions may include:	☐ Home Contact (e.g., phone, Conduct Report)
Actions that cause physical harm	Home contact	☐ Assigned home
Having or using weapons	Home/student/admin. conference	□ Suspension
Having or using drugs	Assigned home (short-term)	1,
Major theft/Major vandalism	Partial Day Program Plan	Administration Recommendations:
Bullying	ISS (In school suspension)	
Inappropriate abusive or	OSS (Out of school suspension –	
discriminatory language	last resort)	
Leaving the building without	Loss of privilege	
permission	Possible referral to outside agency	
Verbal/nonverbal intimidation	(e.g., DSD, School Psych., Mental	
Sexual harassment	Health)	
Spitting	Referral to District Access Team	
Other behaviors that may be deemed	V-TRA	

Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile

	Tion	1 Behavior Intervent	Student:
	nier i	i benavior intervent	ions
	Initial Response	Mid-Range	Concentrated
(A Classroom Expectations Posted	F Reteach Behaviour G Individual Discussion	N Parental Contact Contact Letter to Themselves
(Behaviour	H Goal Setting or Problem Solving Meeting	Referral Rainbows (If appropriate)
(C Verbal Warnings	Peer Helpers or Behaviour Buddies	Loss of Privileges Contemplation Room
	Proximity	Cool-off Walk or Job K Academic Assistance	Positive Behavior Log
	E Seating and/or Room Change	Classroom Whole Class Reward System	Reflection Essay
2. 3. 4.	Not prepared Not following directions Off task Tardiness Not doing class work	Tier 1 Behaviours 6. Damaging materials 7. Sleeping 8. Not in designated area 9. Swearing 10. Leaving class without permission	Excessive Socializing Not raising hand to speak Interrupting teacher
	te: Behaviour: tes:		
_			
	te: Behaviour: tes:		
	te: Behaviour:	Intervention:	

FOREST HILLS SCHOOL

2016-2019 CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)

Continuous Improvement Team (CIT) Learning Target Guide (2015-2016)

CIP Global Priority:		CIT Members:						
	<u>Learning Target:</u> By March, of _	or students or ALL students/teachers (select one), will be able to XX.						
PLAN	Problem:	Steps to Achieve Goal:						
XX	Possible Causes of the Problem:	What is to be done:						
	Key Measures:	Who is to do it: When is should be done:						
	How we will know there is improvement?	Where it is to be done:						
DO	Carry out Plan/Collect and USE Forma	ative Data						
xx								
	Data and Analysis:	Summarize WHAT we LEARNED about Student Learning Needs (e.g., misconceptions, high-impact mini-lessons, next instructional steps, needed						
	Did we have improvement?	professional learning, instructional resources, etc.):						
СНЕСК	How did or didn't the results agree							
xx	with the predictions that were made earlier?	30-minute Strategic Planning Session with The Representative Leadership Team to Discuss:						
		Learning Target Update: met/not met						
		Celebration:						
		Required CIP Adjustments:						
	Was desired improvement achieved?							
ACT/ADJUST	Yes – Adopt & Adapt	No – Predict New Change: Abandon OR Revise Target						
xx								
		Complete and Submit a NEW CIT Learning Target Guide to						
		The Representative Leadership Team by June 27						

Sample CIT Learning Target

CIP G	Blobal Priorit	ty: Reading
com	orehension ((inferential)

CIT Members: Gina, Vickie, Nadine

Learning Target: By June 10, 2016, 42 of 52 students will be able to determine the meaning of new vocabulary words in context (inferring) in fiction and non-fiction texts.

Problem:

52 of 70 did not succeed on a benchmark assessment as they scored 0, 1 or 2 (on a scale of 5) on determining the meaning of 6 new vocabulary words in context.

Possible Causes of the Problem:

April 4-8/16

PLAN

Teachers need to teach this concept through explicit instruction in specific word-learning strategies

Key Measures:

How we will know there is improvement? Exit slips, reading journal, observations, and formal assessment (same as benchmark for comparison purposes).

Steps to Achieve Goal:

What is to be done:

- -whole class mini-lessons on specific strategies (morphemic analysis, contextual analysis for clues, cognate analysis to take advantage of students' first language),
- -modeling through read aloud,
- -word-play activities to motivate and enhance learning
- -continue independent reading scheduled in class and encouraged at home,
- -continue to listen to reading during Daily 5, and
- -ability groups (with the 2 classes).

Who is to do it: Gina, Vickie, Christina (Mentor), Nadine and Josianne (Monitor)

When should it be done:

- -Morning message everyday
- -morning activities (before the morning announcements) 3 times a week
- -mini-lessons 3 times a week (Daily 5) (Gina and Vickie Mon 1:30, Tues 11:40 and Thurs 2:30)
- -Ability groups on Mondays **11:4**0-12:10 and Wed 1:30-2:00
- -Daily 5 (independent reading and listen to reading)

Where it is to be done: in our classrooms

Resources Needed to Achieve Goal: examples and texts found in our resources and online, books for read aloud

Summary of January 25/16-March 4/16 CIT Learning Targets

Reading	Writing	Mathematics
Grade K: identify and retell at least 2 details from a story	Grade 1: write a minimum of three different sentence starters in a piece of writing	Grade K: identify whether a group is fewer than or same as another group
Grades 4-5 English: identify what computation needs to occur in a math word problem, make text-to-text connections while reading different genres	Grade 2: include 2-3 sentences with 7-9 words each, in their writing	Grade 1: group a set of counters into equal groups with or without singles, more than one way
Grades 4-5 FI: interpret clear relationships among several ideas to draw conclusions (e.g., problem/solution) using some supporting textual details	Grade 3 English: create a <i>variety</i> of sentence types (e.g., simple, compound, and <i>complex</i>)	Grade 2: determine the value of a digit by its placement within a numeral
Grades 6-8 English & FI: interpret text feature "tables" to	Grade 3 FI: create one compound sentence using coordinating conjunctions (e.g., parce que, mais, alors, et)	Grade 3 English: estimate quantities less than 1000
support inferential understanding	coordinating conjunctions (e.g., parce que, mais, alors, et)	Grade 3 FI: subtract 2-digit numbers and show an appropriate strategy
		Grade 4 FI: use front-end and rounding estimation strategy
		Grades 4-5 English: use front-end estimation strategy
		Grade 5 FI: uses front-end and rounding estimation strategy in problem-solving contexts (adding and subtraction)
		Grade 6 English & FI: convert improper fractions to mixed numbers and vice versa
		Grades 7-8 English & FI: find the common denominator (English) and equivalent fraction (FI) to add fractions

Representative Leadership Short-Term CIP Goal Monitoring

Plan: January 10-15/16 Do: January 25-March 4/16

Check: March 14-24/16 & April 1/16

Act/Adjust: April 4-8/16

CIP Global Priority	CIT MEMBERS	LEARNING TARGET	Did team have improvement? Target: Met Not Met	Did results agree with predictions that were made?	Summary of adult learning (e.g., high-yield instructional practices)	Summary of student learning (e.g., misconceptions)	Next Instructional Steps	Next Learning Target: Continue with revisions New Goal
Make Equal Groups	Jennifer Mclaughlin (K), Stacy Shaw (K), Melinda Smith/Kathy Gallant (K), Wanda Sampson (K/1), Kari Parsons (PE)	By March 4, 41 of 50 students will be able to identify groups that are fewer or are the same.	45 of 50 students met target Target Met	Exceeded them	-After viewing results, realized that each teacher presented the questions differently, will use prompts next time (e.g., script) -Will discuss the ways in which manipulatives will be used		-Will create a new goal, but, will continue with supporting this targeted area	-New Goal: "Numbers before or after" a given number to 10
Make Equal Groups	Liz Greer (1), Janelle Jardine (1), Wanda (K/1)	N7: By March 4, 23 of 23 students (Greer and Jardine) and 5 of 6 students (Sampson) will be able to show how a given number can be presented with and without equal groups.	22 of 23 students met target Target Not Met 6 of 6 students met target Target Met	The one student who didn't reach the target is almost there	-This was an outcome that teachers were uncomfortable with supporting -Team has identified more lessons to support it	-Students can demonstrate skill with counters and verbally -A few students wanted to turn it into an addition problem (misconception)	-Have students record findings on paper	-Continue with goal with revisions, but have students record findings on paper

Place Value	Liza Muise (Lit), Christine Halcrow (ESS-R), Gillian Kaye (2), Paula Moore (2), Carolyn Jackson (2)	By March 4, 15 of 16 students (Kaye), 15 of 16 students (Moore), 10 of 11 students (Jackson) will be able to determine the value of a digit by its placement within a numeral.	15 of 16 students (Kaye) met goal Target Met 13 of 16 students (Moore) met goal Target Not Met 10 of 11 students (Jackson) met goal Target Met	Yes	-Found morning meetings to be very effective -Didn't do ability groups for this goal	-Students didn't understand concept of hundreds, tens	-Work on place value to 100	-New Goal: Stick within Number Sense, move on to word problems (students are struggling due to comprehension, not as a result of operations) (N9)
Estimating Quantities Less Than 1000 Using Referents	Karen Dunlop (2/3), Lindsay Young (2/3)	By March 4, 27 of 27 students will be able to estimate quantifies less than 1000.	-Improvement -Pre-Test: 0 of 27 -Post-Test: 18 of 28 students met goal Target Not Met	-Results did not agree with predictions, hoped for 80%	-Liked doing the 10 minute focused instruction per day -Did not do ability groups	-Higher students still struggled, wanted to identify exact answer -Greatest difficulty: visualizing (e.g., number of books in a stack)	-Not sure -Perhaps, look at students who didn't meet the target and create a goal, or, create a new goal	-Probably create a new target
Double-Digit Subtraction	Ruth McLaughlin (3FI), Tanya Josselyn (3FI)	By March 4, 44 of 44 students will be able to subtract 2 digit numbers and show an appropriate strategy.	-Improvement -35 of 44 students met the goal Target Not Met			-Students are subtracting extra		-Josselyn & Tanya: continue with goal, for students (9 in Joseelyn's class) who have not met it
Estimating Quantities Less Than 1000	Joann O'Blenes (4), Krista Ross (4/5), Kristina Brodhagen (5)	By March 4, all grades 4 and 5 students and 19 of 20 grades 4/5 students will be able to use the front-end estimation strategy.	Students who met target: R: 13 of 17 students met goal B: 16 of 21 students met goal	-Students could use front-end strategy -Students became frustrated b/c topic was repetitive and it became too easy for them, math	-Teachers realized that students required additional subtraction and addition strategy support	-Students did not read the questions properly—used addition instead of subtraction -Students found the concept abstract, did not understand why		-New Goal: Based on benchmark results, will inform Rep. Ldrshp. of needed global priority changes, possibly 2-digit multiplication

			O: 15 of 19 students met goal Targets Not Met	mentor suggested that they add on the strategy of compensation to get a closer estimation		they can't just solve the question	
Estimation Strategies (Rounding and First-Digit)	Vickie Beaulieu-Manuel (4FI), Gina Comeau (4FI)	By March 4, 20 of 23 students will be able to use estimation strategies using the first digit and by rounding.	-Of 35 students, 22 met goal and 23 did not meet the goal Target Met	-Yes	-Analyzed results almost daily, identified who was progressing, who was not progressing -15 minute daily Warm-Up was effective -Worked with groups almost every day		-Continue with goal, with multiplication and division
Estimation Strategies in Problem Solving Contexts (Adding and Subtracting)	Vickie Beaulieu-Manuel (5FI), Gina Comeau (5FI), Desiree Tchommo/Nadine Moreau (5FI)	By March 4, 9 out of 9 students will be able to use estimation strategies (front-end rounding, compensation and compatible numbers) in problem solving contexts (adding and subtracting).	24 of 25 students (Tchommo) met goal Target Met 6 of 7 students (Vickie and Gina) met goal Target Met		-Teachers learned some new strategies		-Continue with goal, with multiplication and division
Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers	Dave Cochrane (6FI), Janet Landry (6)	By March 4, 12 of 12 FI students and 13 of 15 English students will be able to convert improper fractions to mixed numbers and vice versa	-9 of 12 students met goal Target Met -14 of 15 students met goal (1 did not, due to	-No	-Intervention groups during Falcon Time occurred -Need students to understand the picture, before they	-Students struggled with retention of learned information	-Continue with this goal -Analyze district benchmark results to inform goal

			attendance issues) Target Met		manipulate the numbers -Once they understand WHY a common denominator is required, there is a breakthrough		
Adding and Subtracting Fractions	Emily Duff (7FI), Jason Rideout (7), Phil Goguen (8FI), Susan Holden (8)	By March 4, 11 of 12 Duff's students, 23 of 26 Rideout's students, 6 of 6 Goguen's students, and 20 or 24 Holden's students will score 4/5 correct achievement indicators on the review check-in measuring adding and subtraction of fractions	D: 7 of 12 students met goal Target Not Met R: 14 of 26 students met goal Target Not Met G: 6 of 6 students met goal Target Met H: 17 of 24 students met goal Target Not Met	D, H, and R: No G: Yes			R: stay with target D: students struggled to apply adding fractions, will tweak goal to reflect problemsolving contexts H and G: identify a new target, tied to decimals or percentages

CIP Global Priority	CIT MEMBERS	LEARNING TARGET	Did team have improvement? Target: Met Not Met	Did results agree with predictions that were made?	Summary of adult learning (e.g., high-yield instructional practices)	Summary of student learning (e.g., misconceptions)	Next Instructional Steps	Next Learning Target: Continue with revisions New Goal
Literacy								
Literal	Jennifer Mclaughlin (K), Stacy Shaw (K), Melinda Smith/Kathy Gallant (K), Wanda Sampson (K)	By March 4, 40 of 50 students will be to identify a main characters and retell at least two details from a story (1 detail could be a main character)	-100% success with identifying a main character -41 of 50 students can identify two details from a story (main character and 2 extra details) Target Met	-Yes	-Learned that they needed to align how they asked comprehension questions (prompts) -Used sentence stems from end of K reading standards		-Continue working on quality literal questions -Identify interventions for the 9 students who did not meet the target -Need: more common planning	-Continue with goal, support student retelling of new details -Focus on: events of story, beyond the main character -Early Readers: noticed growth in some
Sentence Length	Liza Muise (Lit), Christine Halcrow (ESS-R), Gillian Kaye (2), Paula Moore (2), Carolyn Jackson (2)	By March 4, 5 of 6 Kaye's students, 3 of 5 Moore's students and 6 of 7 Jackson's students will be able to include 2 or 3 sentences of 7 to 9 words in each sentence.	-Groups: 2 high: complex, descriptive sentences 1 low 2 medium -Of the 4 who they didn't think would meet the goal, 1 did Targets Met	-Yes	-Ability groups went well -Formally met to coordinate specific content of interventions	-New Problem: run-on sentences, will tackle punctuation (response instruction)		-New Goal: Work on comprehension, which is holding them back, will administer a mock assessment to identify interventions
Sentence Structure	Kari Parsons (PE), Liz Greer (1), Wanda Sampson (1), Janelle Jardine (1), Christine Halcrow (EST-R)	By March 4, 29 of 29 students will be able to write a minimum of 3 different sentence starters in a piece of writing.	23 of 29 students met target Target Not Met	The students who did not meet the target still improved, by using 2 different sentence starters Of the 8 students they didn't	-Take a sampling of 3-4 writing pieces	-Orally, students are more successful, therefore, vary the assessments (e.g., scribe)		-Continue with this skill -Introduce new vocabulary to support descriptive writing

				include in the goal, 3 did meet the goal				-Support a combination of short and long
Variety of Sentence Lengths	Karen Dunlop (3), Lindsay Young (3)	By March 4, all non-modified students will be able to create a variety of sentence types.	January: 0 students could write a compound sentence March: 14 students could write a compound sentence, 21 of 28 students can create a variety of sentence types Target Not Met	-Yes	-Will identify specific students who need targeted intervention (to inform goal) -Teachers learned more about the rigor required, as well as mini-lessons	-Students would say, "Oh, I need to add a conjunction in there." -Students are using the language of complex sentence	-Continue with this in daily writing	-New Goal: View student achievement in Write Trait Voice
XX	Ruth McLaughlin (3FI), Tanya Josselyn (3FI)	By March 4, all 49 students will be able to apply connecting words to create a compound sentence.	-Everyone met the goal Target Met	-Yes	-Surprised that they had more success more quickly, because they targeted fewer words -Share with grades 4-5 the targeted word lists		Will move on to a new goal	-New Goal: Focus on Write Trait, Organization, specifically, the inclusion of a conclusion
Personal and Critical Comprehension	Joann O'Blenes (4), Krista Ross (4/5), Kristina Brodhagen (5)	By March 4, 20 of 24 grades 4 students, 19 of 20 grades 4/5 students and 20 of 22 grades 5 students will be able to make connections to different forms of text.						
Inferential Comprehension	Joann O'Blenes (4), Krista Ross (4/5), Kristina Brodhagen (5)	By March 4, 22 of 24 grades 4 students, 17 of 19 grades 4/5 students, and 18 of 22 grades 5 students will be able to read and	-Did not work on for the entire intervention block					-Continue with goal, focus on: write the word problem as an

		respond to math problems successfully.	-Not enough time Target Not Met				equation, identify which information is missing, focus on math terminology -Collaborate with grade 2, who are targeting that goal
Inferential Comprehension	Gina Comeau (4/5FI), Vickie Beaulieu-Manuel (4/5FI), Desiree Tchommo/Nadine Moreau (5FI)	By March 4, 38 of 43 students will be able to interpret clear relationships among several ideas to draw conclusions (problem/solution) using some supporting textual details, speak/listen, read/view and write/represent and increasing amount of non-fiction text.	-Pre-Test: 43 students did not meet goal -Created instructional groups, twice a week -Mini Lessons: 3 times per week -Post-Test: 23 of 43 student met goal Target Not Met	-Yes	-The 20 who didn't meet goal, struggled with vocabulary -39 of 43 met the goal, with simplified vocabulary, and when test orally		-New Goal: How to determine the meaning of difficult words, in new contexts
Make Inferences Using Text Features	Amy Long (6), Tim Vandenberghe (6/Music), Sheri Fowler (7), Josh Forward (8), Josee Gobeil (6FI), Caroline Mailoux (7FI), Julie Cyr (8FI),	By March 4, of 31 grades 6 English students (Tim and Amy), 10 of 14 grades 6 FI students (Josee), 25 of 31 grades 7 English students (Fowler), 18 of 18 grades 7 FI students (Caroline), 3 of 3 grades 8 English students (Josh), and 4 of 8 grades 8 FI students (Cyr) will be able to use text features (tables and graphs) to increase comprehension of text, specifically in the area of inferential questions	-Focused on interpreting tables and charts A: 18 of 23 students met goal T: J: F: 20 of XX students met		-Grades 7 and 8 FILA teachers focused on graphs -Learned that teams need to spend more time on pre- assessment stage to identify target and that smaller teams (e.g., 7 and 8 ELA) will be required	-Students lacked background knowledge in order to interpret graphs	-New Goals: Will branch out into 3 groups (FILA, 6 ELA and 7/8 ELA), administer assessments, identify new targets -Direct common planning time to this

April 22/16 School-Based PL Schedule

8:30-9:30: LGBTQ; Joyce Walker-Haley (Healthy Learners Nurse at St. Stephen Ed Centre) All Staff, Theatre

9:30-10:30: PBIS; Matt Garey (ASD-S), All Staff, Theatre

10:30-10:45: BREAK

10:45-11:45: **DIFFERENTIATED SESSIONS**

Title	Description	Presenter(s)	Room
			Number
"L'engagement de nos élèves dans nos	Discuss methods/strategies to support French language learning engagement. (Students will increasingly informally	Christina	51/52
classes de français"	converse in French)	Farmakoulas-Walker Carole Noel	
Students, Staff, and Stress	Stress can manifest both emotionally and physically. Participants will learn the "Look Fors" and important strategies.	Deborah Ferguson	LLC
Assistive Technologies	Review available assistive technologies (i.e., criteria for AT consideration, example technologies)	Ashley Binette Kim Myers	26
Student Self-Assessment	Learn strategies to support student understanding of the learning target, co-construction of assessment criteria, self-assessment and metacognition	Terri-Ann Waye	54
Sentences!	Students should learn to increasingly write with different: sentence types (i.e., simple, compound, complex), kinds (i.e., declarative, interrogative, etc.) and structures (i.e., cause and effect, compare and contrast). Learn about some minilessons which support appropriate Sentence Structure Write Trait achievement!	Cindy-Lynn Hannah & Liza Muise	53
Place Value & 2-Digit Subtraction	Learn how to support student understanding of the meaning of ones, tens and hundreds Learn strategies which support subtraction of 2-digit numbers	Beverly Janes & Victoria Smith	17
Inquiry-Based Science Instruction	Learn how to organize inquiry-based Science lessons, which support decision-making and problem solving.	Darren White	23
Minecraft EDU	Learn how to use this popular creativity based game to enrich student engagement. Teachers can create activities for any subject but also for digital citizenship and teamwork. Students can use Minecraft as an alternative media for project work and spark new enjoyment of learning.	Moe Savoie	Tech. Lab

11:45-1:30: LUNCH

1:30-3:00: TRAUMA-INFORMED PRATICES; Margot Rankin-Young and Suzanne Monahan (ASD-South), All Staff, Theatre

March Instructional Coaching Options

1. Peer Visitation & Reflection

Identify a subject/grade you'd like to visit and teacher willing to model. For 1 period, visit the classroom to observe the lesson, and answer these questions. After the lesson, meet with your colleague for 1 period, to further discuss.

- How is the teacher introducing the strategy so students will understand?
- How is the teacher modelling the strategy?
- How is the teacher providing opportunity for guided practice?
- What formative assessment is the teacher using to monitor student understanding?
- Is the teacher differentiating this learning experience for students who need extra support?
- What will I try?

2. Co-Assessment

Work with a colleague for 2 periods, to analyse data and answer the following questions:

- What do we know as a result of examining the data?
- What do we think as a result of looking at this data? List what we think this tells us about what students can know and do. List what we think this data suggests about what students are struggling with.
- What do we want to know as a result of examining this data?
- How will this data help us improve instruction? The point of looking at the data is to prepare and plan for the most effective instruction to meet student needs. List some ways we might do that.

3. Action Research

Co-explore a question you and a colleague have, for 2 periods, by answering these questions:

- What is a problem or issue related to classroom instruction and student learning/achievement that you would like to address and study?
- What new practice or intervention do you want to implement into your classroom to address this issue or challenge?
- What does current research on this new practice or intervention suggest?
- How will you measure and determine effectiveness of introducing this new practice or strategy into your classroom?

4. Peer Coaching

Identify one of the following areas you'd like to improve upon. Identify an expert and co-write a SMART goal for your professional growth. Begin by observing your colleague model a strategy, approach, etc. Then, spend 2 weeks trying it on your own. Finally, invite your colleague into your classroom to observe you using the strategy, approach, etc. Repeat this cycle, every 2 weeks!

- Formative assessment
- Self- and Peer-Assessment
- Providing Tier 1 Classroom Intervention
- Balanced Literacy
- Balanced Math
- Inquiry-Based Learning
- Reciprocal Teaching

SMART Goal:

Specific: Exactly, what will it look like for me? Measurable: How will I demonstrate success?

Actions: What actions will I take?

Relevant: Connect goals to responsibilities

Timely: Target dates for success

5. Instructional Rounds

In order to better understand our current skills and needed professional learning, the Representative Leadership Team members will visit all learning environments to make specific observations related to the following areas. Members will then debrief about observations, consider needed adjustments to our 2016-2019 Continuous Improvement Plan, and plan responsive professional learning

- Formative assessment
- Self- and Peer-Assessment
- Providing Tier 1 Classroom Intervention
- Balanced Literacy
- Balanced Math
- Inquiry-Based Learning
- Reciprocal Teaching

Mathematics Data Analysis and Instructional Planning

		er Name:
		
CIT	Me	embers:
		3-Year Mathematics Global Priorities
O	ur K	 K-2: make equal groups with and without singles (e.g., numbers, place values), XX 3-5: demonstrate understanding of subtraction of two numbers (e.g., 2-6 does not equal 4), estimate quantities less than 1000, XX 6-8: relate decimals to fractions (and vice versa), improper fractions to mixed numbers (e.g., 9/4 → 2 ¼), fraction operations, explain and apply the order of operations
1.	Wł	nat did you learn about the organization/use of the Excel spreadsheet?
2.	Wł	nat are 1-3 areas of concern after reviewing the data?
3.	Но	w do these areas of concern relate to our Global Priorities ?
4.	a)	Does your area of concern align with your current Continuous Improvement Team's learning target?
	b)	After this morning's session, do you have a new instructional focus? What is the focus? How are you going to address it? How are you going to monitor progress?
	c)	What supports/personnel do you need to help achieve these goals?

Each learning participant is to complete this sheet and submit (paper copy) to Paul Hickey by end of day **Friday, February 19, 2016**. Your **Representative Leadership Team** will consult some of the provided information to inform the development of our **3-Year Continuous Improvement Plan** and on-going professional learning.

Representative Leadership Short-Term CIP Goal Monitoring

Plan: April 4-8 Do: April 11-June 10 Check: June 27 Act/Adjust: June 28

CIP Global Priority	CIT MEMBERS	LEARNING TARGET	Did team have improvement? Target: Met Not Met	Did results agree with predictions that were made?	Summary of adult learning (e.g., high-yield instructional practices)	Summary of student learning (e.g., misconceptions)	Next Instructional Steps	Next Learning Target: □ Continue with revisions □ New Goal
Numeracy								
Number Strand	Jennifer Mclaughlin (K), Stacy Shaw (K), Kathy Gallant (K), Wanda Sampson (K/1), Kari Parsons (PE)	By June 10, 45 of 48 will be able to identify the number that comes before and after any given number.	Not Met 81% were successful More successful when answering verbally, versus sheet work Assessed too late in the year, students checked out					
Make Equal Groups	Liz Greer (1), Janelle Jardine (1), Wanda (K/1)	By June 10, 18 of 22 students will receive will be able to pictorially show how they can make equal groups with AND without singles (2 groups). By June 10 20/21 students will be able to pictorially show how they can make equal groups with or without singles (1 group).	Manips, then pictorially Met		Used Victoria Smith (EST- Numeracy) Integrated into morning message Fluid Groups, changed weekly Broke outcome into 2 concepts Peer mentoring was helpful			

Addition and Subtraction/ Word Problems	Gillian Kaye (2), Paula Moore (2), Carolyn Jackson (2)	By June 10, 7 of 9 students (G.K.), 14 of 16 students (P.M.) and 9 of 11 students (C.J.) will be able to solve word problems that involve addition and subtraction with 75% accuracy.	Expected 30 students who did not meet to achieve goal, only 2 of them did not meet the goal Met	Did not use ability groups, targeted instruction during morning message, using manips, handson, pictorially		
Mental Math	Karen Dunlop (2/3), Lindsay Young (2/3), Victoria Smith (EST-Numeracy) Heather Streeter (EST-R)	By June 10, 13 of 15 students will be able to complete a variety of mental math strategies using 2 and 3 digit numbers in addition and subtraction with an accuracy rate of 80% or above.	Facts to 20 Focus group of 20, 12 of 20 got it 3 ability groups needed, but didn't have a third facilitator 12 of 14 in focus group were successful			
Division	Ruth McLaughlin (3FI), Tanya Josselyn (3FI)	By June 10, all students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of division.	Strategies similar to multiplication, to show the relationship Word problems assisted Strategy groups became smaller over time Blocked strategy out, and then used manips 5 of 23 had been struggling Not Met			
Addition	Ruth McLaughlin (3FI), Tanya Josselyn (3FI)	By June 10, 6 of 6 students will be able to add numbers with sums to 10 with a 5 second recall limit.				
Write Proper Equations	Joann O'Blenes (4), Krista Ross (4/5), Kristina Brodhagen (5)	JO: By June, 16 of 19 students will be able to read and write the	Ability to write proper equations	Would get it in ability groups,		

		corresponding math equation successfully with at least 75% accuracy. KR: By June, 16 of 19 students will be able to read and write the corresponding math equation successfully with at least 75% accuracy. KB: By June, 16 of 19 students will be able to read and write the corresponding math equation successfully with at least 75% accuracy.	Not Met All students showed improvement in reading the problem, still struggling ORDERING the operations Joann: worked on estimation, difficulty with solving equations	but could not during summative assessments	
Estimation Strategies	Vickie Beaulieu-Manuel (4FI), Gina Comeau (4FI), Nadine Moreau (5FI)	By June 10, 14 of 16 students will be able to use estimation strategies (multiplication and division).	16 had a problem with using estimation strategies, so that was focus Wanted 14 of 16 to be successfully, 13 were Not Met	Challenge: To organize groups, had to work on scheduling Looking forward to having a straight grade 4 class	
			31 of 31 use estimation strategies, 28 of 31 Not Met Used ability groups during warm-ups	Challenge: Finding time during class, looking forward to having a second grade 5 FI Would be great to have someone to support us in French, Melissa contacted Glenn	
Equivalent Fractions	Dave Cochrane (6FI), Janet Landry (6)	June 10, 14 of 16 FI students and 13 of 15 English students will be able to use equivalent fractions to	Met, all 15 students could do it Expanded goal		

		convert between fractions, decimals, and percent.	Re-tested in June, some could no longer do it, required trigger 14 of 16 Not Met			
Adding and Subtracting Fractions	Emily Duff	By June 10, 33 of 40 of students will be successful with adding/subtracting fractions with unlike denominators. They will first have use their knowledge of equivalent fractions to determine the appropriate common denominator.	9 of 39 were unsuccessful in March, therefore, moved into in-class interventions versus Falcon Time Still struggled with subtracting fractions, particularly when in word problems			
Adding and Subtracting Fractions	Jay Rideout	By June 10, 11 of 11 students will be successful with adding/subtracting fractions with unlike denominators. They will first have use their knowledge of equivalent fractions to determine the appropriate common denominator.	Benchmarks: Sept. and June Not Met 7 of 11 did meet the goal			
Adding Fractions	Susan Holden (8) and Phil Goguen (8)	Transforming decimals to fractions and fractions to decimals 12 of 41 couldn't By June 10, 12 of 12 will XX	11 of 12 met Not Met	Mini-Lessons used, if that didn't work, worked one-on- one with students		

CIP Global Priority	CIT MEMBERS	LEARNING TARGET	Did team have improvement? Target: Met Not Met	Did results agree with predictions that were made?	Summary of adult learning (e.g., high-yield instructional practices)	Summary of student learning (e.g., misconceptions)	Next Instructional Steps	Next Learning Target: ☐ Continue with revisions ☐ New Goal
Literacy								
Literal	Jennifer Mclaughlin (K), Stacy Shaw (K), Kathy Gallant (K), Wanda Sampson (K)	By June 10, 45 of 48 students will be able to retell the beginning, middle and end of the story in any order.	Fairly well, 75% successful Not Met, due to, too high of a standard Missed a few ability groups Assessed too late in the year, students were checked-out					
Inferential	Liza Muise (EST-L), Christine Halcrow (ESS-R), Gillian Kaye (2), Paula Moore (2), Carolyn Jackson (2)	June 10, 5 of 9 students (G.K.), 11 of 14 students (P.M.) and 7 of 11 students (C. J.) will be able to make simple inferences about characters and events and provide some general detail to support their answer with 75% accuracy (using a K-M level text).	Prepped for assessment 75% was too lofty Not Met 51% of students improved		Start the ability groups for reading comprehension earlier in the year To assess them in June was too late Use provincial assessment as the actual assessment			
Sentence Structure	Liz Greer (1), Wanda Sampson (1), Janelle Jardine (1)	By June 10, 24 of 43 students will have 4 complete sentences within their writing with 7 or more words, 15/43 students will have 2 complete sentences within their writing with 7 or more words.	Sentence Lengths: focus A lot who only had 2 in March, bumped up to 3- 5 Met Created a sub goal for those who already had		Time was an issue Ability groups were used, less fluid than with the math groups Students who did not meet (0 sentences) still experienced			

Sentence Structure	Liz Greer (1), Wanda Sampson (1), Janelle Jardine (1)	By June 10, 27 of 32 students will have 4 or more sentence starters in their writing piece.	4 sentences, had to bump that up, to stretch their learning, did not meet that goal	growth, could write 1 sentence		
Sentence Structure	Karen Dunlop (3), Lindsay Young (3), Christine Halcrow (EST-R)	By June 10, 16 of 16 students will be able to include at least 1 complete declarative, exclamatory and interrogative sentence in a writing piece of at least 10 sentences.	Assisted with punctuation Focus Group: 16, 12 got it, 3 really struggled Not Met	Should have adjusted goal		
Organization?	Ruth McLaughlin (3FI), Tanya Josselyn (3FI)	By June 10, all students will be able to write a conclusion (may be brief).	Pretty much everyone was able to write a conclusion 2 of them didn't give them the why of conclusion (brief) Not Met			
Inferential Comprehension	Joann O'Blenes (4), Krista Ross (4/5), Kristina Brodhagen (5)	JO: By June 10, 22 of 25 students will be able to read and interpret clear relationships among several ideas and to draw conclusions or make comparisons. KR: By June 10, 19 of 20 students will be able to read and interpret clear relationships among several ideas and to draw conclusions or make comparisons. KV: By June 10, 20 of 21 students will be able to read and interpret clear relationships among several ideas and to draw conclusions or make comparisons.	Some connection to reading information, coming up with conclusions Based groups upon reading levels Met Can interpret ideas in texts, and support with evidence	Common Document: on S: drive		

Inferential	Gina Comeau (4/5FI), Vickie Beaulieu-Manuel (4/5FI), Nadine Moreau (5FI)	By June 10, 42 of 52 students will be able to determine the meaning of new vocabulary words in context (inferring) in fiction and non-fiction texts.	Determine meaning of new vocabulary Whole class activities used due to size Activities before announcements, as part of am message Every 2 weeks, changed groups 2 strategy groups per week AM message, plus additional mini lessons were added 40 me the goal Not Met	:	Social Studies: students used strategies		
Inferential	Tim Vandenberghe (6) Amy Long (6)	By June 10, 25 of 32 students will be able to show clear evidence of using text feature data (tables, in this case) to answer inferential questions.	Answering questions, interpreting tables 32 couldn't No significant improvement in each of the mini- assessments (benchmarks) Not Met Amy 30 couldn't, only 20 could do it Not Met Busy group? Did not take benchmark seriously		Scheduling Issues: less opportunity to intervene during Falcon Time Did provide 3 whole-group interventions Resources were difficult to identify Whole-Group mini-lessons were helpful		

Inferential	Sheri Fowler (7) and Josh Forward (8)	SF: By June 10, 19 of 25 English students will be able to use context clues, prior knowledge, and reference tools, to explain the meaning of new vocabulary/technical terms. SF: By June 10, 13 of 13 Fl students will be able to use	PowerPoints used Identified 5 different context clues strategies Taught them during whole- class instruction	Cross-Curricular Mini-Lessons (in Research Learning) Resource- provided assessments		
		context clues, prior knowledge, and reference tools, to explain the meaning of new vocabulary/technical terms; interpret more subtle shades of meaning, and figurative and descriptive language.	and small group SF: English: 17 met Not Met French: 13 met Met JF: 27 met goal			
		JF: By June 10, 28 of 34 students will be able to use context clues, prior knowledge, and reference tools, to explain the meaning of new vocabulary/technical terms.	Not Met Did context clues mini lessons once/week			
Inferential	Josee Goubei (6FI), Caroline Mailoux (7FI), Julie Cry (8FI)	By June 10th, students will be able to make inferences through the creation of text features (bolded words, captions, headings, subheadings, table of contents, glossary, etc.). Grade 6 French: 9/13 Grade 7 French: 13/17 Grade 8 French: 14/19	JG: 13 students were very weak, provided individual intervention and small group interventions 9 could do it Met CM: Not Met (could do it with reading but not writing)			
			JC: Whole group format was helpful			

Some students had good background knowledge Half of the 19 made the jump Not Met
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Representative Leadership Long-Term CIP Goal Planning & Monitoring

		Global Priorities	Required Professional Learning	Strategic Actions (e.g., required action research, classroom observation formative feedback focus, community partnerships, etc.)	Key Measures	Target Met
2015-2016	FALL			Identify Three Year Global Priorities	Document	✓
	WINTER	Physical Inclusion: Teachers will purposefully create mixed-ability groups (e.g., mentoring, reciprocal teaching) Our K-8 students will continuously develop sentence structure writing skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop inferential reading skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop number strand-based mathematics skills. Social Inclusion: Teachers will learn, apply and refine new tier 1 and 2 <i>Positive Behavioral Interventions Supports</i> , students will increasingly follow the school's Code of Conduct, XX.	ESS Pbisword.org Matt Garey	Intervention Block #1: Jan. 25/16-Mar. 4/16 March Instructional Coaching Opportunities Mathematics Data Analysis and Instructional Planning Student Reporting & Response Form PBIS Focus Group: -research tier 1 and 2 interventions -create Expanding Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile	Observations, Strategic Planning Session with Rep. Ldrshp. Post Reflection Reduction in Student Conduct Forms submitted to office Recommendations to ESS	* *
	SPRING	Develop PLWEP Goals		PBIS Focus Group: -develop PBIS Class Profile Binder -write goals, including actions and measures TTFM Data Consult Re-assess student-adult connections via inhouse survey Explore reasons students feel excluded		✓

2016-2017	FALL	Social Inclusion: Teachers will learn, apply and refine 2-3 new tier 1 Positive Behavioral Interventions Supports, students will increasingly follow the school's code of conduct Physical: Teachers will purposefully create mixed-ability groups (e.g., mentoring, reciprocal teaching), learn about mental health issues and promote mental fitness, improve attendance (11-20 day non-attenders), XX	PBIS Focus Group-provided PL: -Class Profile Binder -Expanded Tier 1 Behavioral Interventions Profile Workshop Model PL: Text Level PL:		Teacher Adoption of PBIS: -Level Meetings: sharing of profiles and co-development of strategies -Admin. Walkthroughs Student Code Adherence: -Level Meetings: monitor infractions -ESS: Student Behavior & Response data once/month Workshop Model: -Admin. Walkthroughs -Peer Visitation Attendance: -Teacher/Teams: PowerSchool -ESS: monitor student attendance once/month
	WINTER	Academic Inclusion: Teachers will increasingly apply in-class tier 1 and 2 academic interventions, develop, implement and monitor PLPs and develop UDL and differentiation (e.g., stretched learning) skills, students will continuously develop metacognitive skills (i.e., co-construction of assessment criteria, self-identification of learning target, use of intelligences and learning styles, self-monitoring of learning and reflection). Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX writing skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX mathematics skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX scientific literacy processes skill.	NEW Reports Cards: 1, 2, 3, 4 Scale -co-construction of assessment criteria		
	SPRING	Cultural Inclusion: Staff will create a culture of French language learning engagement (e.g., Instruction is in the target language, students will increasingly informally converse in French), art work, murals, and projects by students reflecting interest, awareness and sensitivity to cultural diversity will be displayed, First Nations-themed presentations, books, articles, websites, organizations, music, etc. will be integrated into school activities, targeted dialogue and/or training on issues related to gender identity, sexual orientation, sexual stereotyping, etc., gender-neutral language will be consistently used, sexual minority, gender independent and their allies participate in the Gay-Straight Alliance, develop goals related to newcomer families		 K: French Language Learning Engagement: all students will greet one another 1: Sexual Minorities: gender stereotyping/fluidity 2: French Language Learning Engagement: increase participation, oral language 3: French Language Learning Engagement: most greet and respond in French (English), First Nations: create a piece of themed art (FI) 4: French Language Learning Engagement: create and present a project (FI), Sexual Minorities: identify different family structures (i.e., composition, roles, etc.) (English) 5: First Nations and Inuit: create a product (e.g., art) 	Consult TTFM (2017) Data

		Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX writing skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX reading skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX mathematics skills. Our K-8 students will continuously develop XX scientific literacy processes skill.		 6-8: First Nations: learn about drumming circles and art, read non-fiction (English), 6: Culture: identify ancestors and create a flag display (FI) 7-8 (FI) Sexual Minorities: organize and coordinate PRIDE week 6-8 (FI): French Language Learning Engagement: learn about language in countries Maintain bulletin boards Repurpose trophy case? Consider rotating frame display 	
2017-2018	FALL	Academic Inclusion: ORAL LANGUAGE: Vocabulary Development Report Cards: • 1, 2, 3, 4 Rubrics • PowerTeacher Pro • Assessment Collection Templates (e.g., SCO Achievement Reporting Templates) Common Marking Sessions for Writing Share End of Year Achievement Standard-SCOs Correlation Charts Social-Emotional Inclusion: • Mind Up • Effective Tier 1 Behavior Interventions • Wellness	Liza M.: Oral Language September training EA Training:	CITs: consult SCOs and identify targeted priorities (e.g., grade 3 FI versus grade 3 English) S: drive folder: set-up folder for teachers to upload templates, checklists, etc.	
	WINTER	Cultural Inclusion: Retain work Academic Inclusion: Analysis of Student Achievement Data (i.e., next instructional steps) CITs: Visit ESS to share academic needs, and brainstorm strategies			
	SPRING	Academic Inclusion: Student Portfolios/Student Led Parent-Teacher Metacognition: Student-Directed Assessment			
2018-2019	FALL				

v	WINTER		
s	SPRING		